

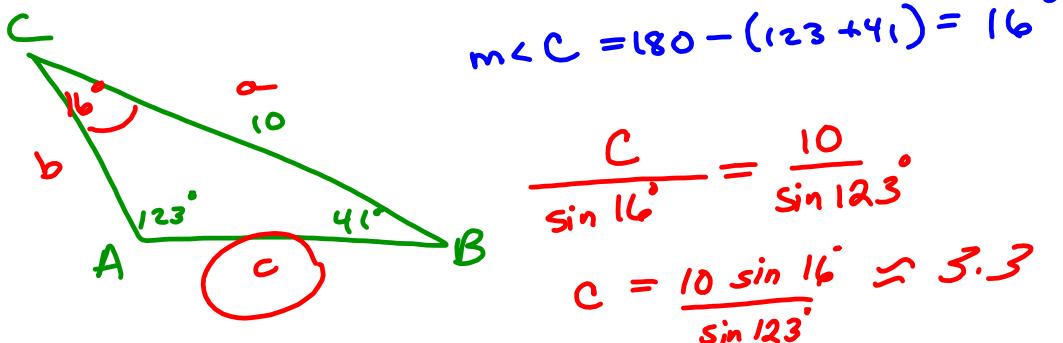
# LAW OF SINES

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C} \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

(EX1) Given (AAS) 2 angles + 1 side

Given  $A = 123^\circ$ ,  $B = 41^\circ$  and  $a = 10$  find  $c$

$$m\angle C = 180 - (123 + 41) = 16^\circ$$

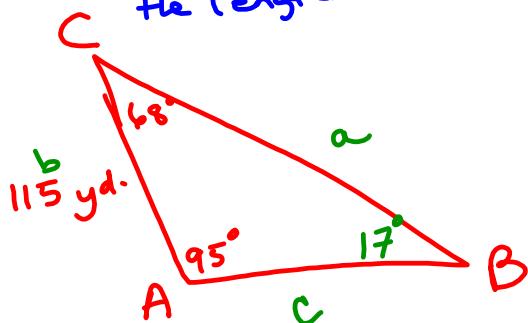


**Ex2.** A triangular plot of land has interior angles

$A = 95^\circ$ ,  $C = 68^\circ$ . If the side between

these angles is 115 yds long, what are  
the lengths of the other 2 sides?

$$\sin B = 180 - (95 + 68) = 17^\circ$$



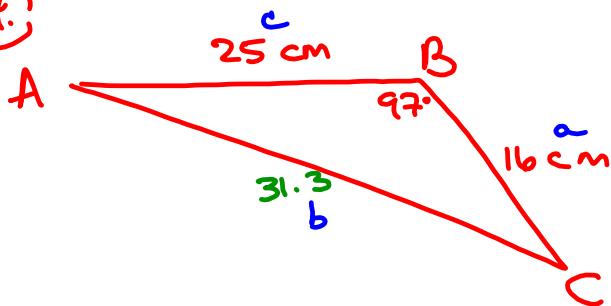
$$\frac{a}{\sin 95} = \frac{115}{\sin 17}$$

$$a = \frac{115 \sin 95}{\sin 17} \approx 391.8$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin 68} = \frac{115}{\sin 17}$$

$$c = \frac{115 \sin 68}{\sin 17} \approx 364.7$$

**14.**



$$b = \sqrt{16^2 + 25^2 - 2 \cdot 16 \cdot 25 \cos 97^\circ}$$

$$b \approx 31.3 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{16} = \frac{\sin 97}{31.3}$$

$$\sin A = \frac{16 \sin 97}{31.3}$$

$$A = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{16 \sin 97}{31.3} \right)$$

$$A \approx 30.5^\circ$$

$$\angle C = 180 - (97 + 30.5)$$

$$= 52.5^\circ$$